# Painters, Construction and Maintenance

SOC: 47-2141 • Career Profile Report

#### ■ Key Facts

**\$48,660**Median Salary

**342,200** Employment

+4.0%
Growth Rate

### ■ Requirements & Salary Range

Education: No formal educational credential

#### ■ Automation Risk Assessment

Medium Risk - 35.0% probability of being automated in the next 10-20 years.

This job has some routine elements but still requires human judgment and interaction.

#### **■■** Work-Life Balance

6.2/10 - Good work-life balance

# **■** Personality Fit (RIASEC)

Higher scores indicate better personality fit for this career type.

Realistic	9.4/10	Investigative	5.8/10
Artistic	4.0/10	Social	5.0/10
Enterprising	5.0/10	Conventional	6.0/10

### **■** Top Skills Required

Ability to work at heights, Communication skills, Detail oriented, Physical stamina, Physical strength

#### ✓ Strengths

- High Demand
- Flexible Work
- Continuous Learning

#### Challenges

- Burnout Risk
- Rapid Technological Change

# **■** What They Do

Painters, Construction and Maintenance typically perform the following tasks: • Cover surfaces with dropcloths or masking tape and paper to protect surfaces during painting. • Read work orders or receive instructions from supervisors or homeowners to determine work requirements. • Apply paint, stain, varnish, enamel, or other finishes to equipment, buildings, bridges, or other structures, using brushes, spray guns, or rollers. • Fill cracks, holes, or joints with caulk, putty, plaster, or other fillers, using caulking guns or putty knives. • Smooth surfaces, using sandpaper, scrapers, brushes, steel wool, or sanding machines. • Erect scaffolding or swing gates, or set up ladders, to work above ground level. • Wash and treat surfaces with oil, turpentine, mildew remover, or other preparations, and sand rough spots to ensure that finishes will adhere properly. • Apply primers or sealers to prepare new surfaces, such as bare wood or metal, for finish coats. • Calculate amounts of required materials and estimate costs, based on surface measurements or work orders. • Remove old finishes by stripping, sanding, wire brushing, burning, or using water or abrasive blasting. • Remove fixtures such as pictures, door knobs, lamps, or electric switch covers prior to painting. • Use special finishing techniques such as sponging, ragging, layering, or faux finishing. • Waterproof buildings, using waterproofers or caulking. • Select and purchase tools or finishes for surfaces to be covered, considering durability, ease of handling, methods of application, and customers' wishes. • Mix and match colors of paint, stain, or varnish with oil or thinning and drying additives to obtain desired colors and consistencies. • Polish final coats to specified finishes. • Cut stencils and brush or spray lettering or decorations on surfaces. • Clean tools and equipment, such as brushes and rollers. • Hang wallpaper.

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