# **Physicians and Surgeons**

SOC: 29-1210 • Career Profile Report

## ■ Key Facts

**\$239,200**Median Salary

**839,000** Employment

+3.0%
Growth Rate

## ■ Requirements & Salary Range

**Education:** Doctoral

#### ■ Automation Risk Assessment

Low Risk - 8.0% probability of being automated in the next 10-20 years.

This job is relatively safe from automation due to its creative, social, or complex problem-solving requirements.

#### **■■** Work-Life Balance

5.1/10 - Fair work-life balance

## **■** Personality Fit (RIASEC)

Higher scores indicate better personality fit for this career type.

Realistic	5.4/10	Investigative	8.6/10
Artistic	4.8/10	Social	9.0/10
Enterprising	5.4/10	Conventional	6.2/10

## **■** Top Skills Required

Communication skills, Compassion, Detail oriented, Dexterity, Leadership skills, Organizational skills, Patience, Physical stamina, Problem-solving skills

#### √ Strengths

- High Demand
- Flexible Work
- Continuous Learning

#### **■** Challenges

- Burnout Risk
- Rapid Technological Change

### ■ What They Do

Physicians and Surgeons typically perform the following tasks: • Monitor patient before, during, and after anesthesia and counteract adverse reactions or complications. • Record type and amount of anesthesia and patient condition throughout procedure. • Provide and maintain life support and airway management and help prepare patients for emergency surgery. • Administer anesthetic or sedation during medical procedures, using local, intravenous, spinal, or caudal methods. • Examine patient, obtain medical history, and use diagnostic tests to determine risk during surgical, obstetrical, and other medical procedures. • Position patient on operating table to maximize patient comfort and surgical accessibility. • Coordinate administration of anesthetics with surgeons during operation. • Decide when patients have recovered or stabilized enough to be sent to another room or ward or to be sent home following outpatient surgery. • Confer with other medical professionals to determine type and method of anesthetic or sedation to render patient insensible to pain. • Order laboratory tests, x-rays, and other diagnostic procedures. • Inform students and staff of types and methods of anesthesia administration, signs of complications, and emergency methods to counteract reactions. • Provide medical care and consultation in many settings, prescribing medication and treatment and referring patients for surgery. • Manage anesthesiological services, coordinating them with other medical activities and formulating plans and procedures. • Diagnose illnesses, using examinations, tests, and reports. • Coordinate and direct work of nurses, medical technicians, and other health care providers. • Instruct individuals and groups on ways to preserve health and prevent disease. • Schedule and maintain use of surgical suite, including operating, wash-up, waiting rooms, or anesthetic and sterilizing equipment. • Conduct medical research to aid in controlling and curing disease, to investigate new medications, and to develop and test new medical techniques. • Place invasive intravascular monitors into patients. • Teach anesthesiology principles to residents.

Generated by StartRight • Data from U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics & O\*NET Source: https://www.bls.gov/ooh/healthcare/physicians-and-surgeons.htm