Materials Engineers

SOC: 17-2131 • Career Profile Report

■ Key Facts

\$108,310 Median Salary

23,000 Employment +6.0%
Growth Rate

■ Requirements & Salary Range

Education: Bachelor's degree

■ Automation Risk Assessment

Low Risk - 17.0% probability of being automated in the next 10-20 years.

This job is relatively safe from automation due to its creative, social, or complex problem-solving requirements.

■■ Work-Life Balance

8.1/10 - Excellent work-life balance

■ Personality Fit (RIASEC)

Higher scores indicate better personality fit for this career type.

Realistic	8.2/10	Investigative	8.8/10
Artistic	6.4/10	Social	5.2/10
Enterprising	5.8/10	Conventional	6.6/10

■ Top Skills Required

Analytical skills, Computer skills, Math skills, Problem-solving skills, Communication skills

✓ Strengths

- High Demand
- Flexible Work
- Continuous Learning

■ Challenges

- Burnout Risk
- Rapid Technological Change

■ What They Do

Materials Engineers typically perform the following tasks: • Analyze product failure data and laboratory test results to determine causes of problems and develop solutions. • Design and direct the testing or control of processing procedures. • Monitor material performance, and evaluate its deterioration. • Conduct or supervise tests on raw materials or finished products to ensure their quality. • Evaluate technical specifications and economic factors relating to process or product design objectives. • Modify properties of metal alloys, using thermal and mechanical treatments. • Determine appropriate methods for fabricating and joining materials. • Guide technical staff in developing materials for specific uses in projected products or devices. • Review new product plans, and make recommendations for material selection, based on design objectives such as strength, weight, heat resistance, electrical conductivity, and cost. • Supervise the work of technologists, technicians, and other engineers and scientists. • Plan and implement laboratory operations to develop material and fabrication procedures that meet cost, product specification, and performance standards. • Plan and evaluate new projects, consulting with other engineers and corporate executives, as necessary, • Supervise production and testing processes in industrial settings, such as metal refining facilities, smelting or foundry operations, or nonmetallic materials production operations. • Solve problems in a number of engineering fields, such as mechanical, chemical, electrical, civil, nuclear, and aerospace. • Conduct training sessions on new material products, applications, or manufacturing methods for customers and their employees. • Perform managerial functions, such as preparing proposals and budgets, analyzing labor costs, and writing reports. • Present technical information at conferences. • Replicate the characteristics of materials and their components, using computers. • Design processing plants and equipment. • Write for technical magazines, journals, and trade association publications.

Generated by StartRight • Data from U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics & O*NET Source: https://www.bls.gov/ooh/architecture-and-engineering/materials-engineers.htm